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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO		
10/088,600	06/04/2002	Satoshi Yoshida	0445-0320p	6882	
2292 7.	590 07/11/2005		EXAMINER		
BIRCH STEWART KOLASCH & BIRCH PO BOX 747			STEPHENS, JACQUELINE F		
		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
	,		3761		

DATE MAILED: 07/11/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Advisory Action
Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)			
10/088,600	YOSHIDA ET AL.			
Examiner	Art Unit			
Jacqueline F. Stephens	3761			

--The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address -THE REPLY FILED 23 June 2005 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE.

- The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time periods:
 a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date of the final rejection.
 - b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection.

 Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f).

Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

NOT	CE	OF	AP	PE	ΑL

NOTICE OF AFFEAL
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be filed within two months of the date of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 41.37(a).
AMENDMENTS
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will <u>not</u> be entered because (a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below); (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below);
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for appeal; and/or
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims.
NOTE: See Continuation Sheet. (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324). 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):
6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment canceling the non-allowable claim(s).
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) will not be entered, or b) will be entered and an explanation of how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended.
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:
Claim(s) allowed:
Claim(s) objected to:
Claim(s) rejected: <u>1-6.</u>
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE
8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but before or on the date of filing a Notice of Appeal will <u>not</u> be entered because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and sufficient reasons why the affidavit or other evidence is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will <u>not</u> be entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome <u>all</u> rejections under appeal and/or appellant fails to provide a showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1).
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the status of the claims after entry is below or attached. REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper No(s).
13. Other:

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-303 (Rev. 4-05) Taluka

Continuation of 3. NOTE: Applicant's arguments filed 6-23-05 have been fully considered and they are not persuasive. Claim 6 was finally rejected on pages 6 and 7 of the Office Action mailed 3/10/05. In response to applicant's argument that the examiner's conclusion of obviousness is based upon improper hindsight reasoning, it must be recognized that any judgment on obviousness is in a sense necessarily a reconstruction based upon hindsight reasoning. But so long as it takes into account only knowledge which was within the level of ordinary skill at the time the claimed invention was made, and does not include knowledge gleaned only from the applicant's disclosure, such a reconstruction is proper. See In re McLaughlin, 443 F.2d 1392, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971). With respect to the declaration and applicant's argument that the melt viscosities of the hot melt adhesives taught in Alper et al. USPN 5149741 do not overlap the hot melt adhesives of the present invention nor are the melt viscosity limitations of the present invention arbitrary, the specification of the present invention provides support for hot melt viscosites in a range of 10-1000 Pas. The specification further provides criticality for a melt viscosity not less than 10 Pas and not more than 1000Pas. The specification does not provide criticality for 30-100Pas, only that this melt viscosity is a preferred range. As stated in the Office Action mailed 3/10/05, Alper discloses a similar composition for the hot melt adhesive as described in the present invention - see Alper col. 4, lines 1-12 and col. 7, line 1 through col. 9, line 20. Because Alper discloses similar components, the invention of Alper would also obviously provide the claimed performance characteristics. Alper further teaches varying the concentration of the SIS copolymer results in changes in viscosity and the various concentrations of the copolymer are acceptable for different end uses (col. 10, lines 40-51 and col. 14, line 45 through col. 17, line 33). Thus, it is within the level of one of ordinary skill in the art to determine the claimed viscosity since discovering an optimum value of a result effective variable involves only routine skill in the art.